

1985

Kodama Field Notebook #3

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KE
FIELD BOOK
82.0832

1-12-85
La Pilota 10:30 hr

- Piddilbentulae
sediments
- SC. de Barilale

10 m of section ^{over}

1-3 specimens site / m
recognizable same

- bottom site just above
stream-glacial fluid ground

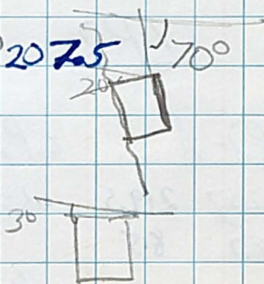
site 1 - at bottom of
section

LP1-A

$$\alpha = 195^\circ 20' 25''$$

$$\beta \rightarrow$$

$$\beta = 20^\circ$$

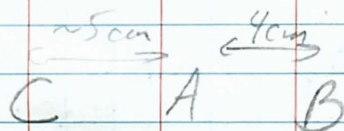


LP1-B

$$\alpha = 198^\circ$$

210.5

$$\beta = 10^\circ$$



LP1-C

Corrected

$$\alpha = 188^\circ$$

200.5

$$\beta = 19^\circ$$

very top of section ~10m
above LPI
just under gravel

LP2

LP2-A

LP2-B

LP2-C

$$\alpha = 207 \quad 219.5$$

$$\alpha = 180 + 28$$

$$208^\circ \quad 220.5$$

$$\alpha = 198^\circ \quad 210.5$$

$$\beta = 8.5 \quad 8.5$$

$$\beta = 105^\circ$$

$$\beta = 5^\circ$$

site
LP3

~1m below LP2
or ~1m below top of the section

LP3-A

$$\alpha = 198 \text{ } 210.5$$

$$\beta = 10^\circ$$

C



LP3-B

$$\alpha = 200 \text{ } 212.5$$

$$\beta = 6.5^\circ$$

A



LP3-C

$$\alpha = 175^\circ$$

$$\beta = 0^\circ$$

B



16cm

13cm

site LP4

~1m below LP3
or 2m below top of section

LP4-A

$$\alpha = 167 \text{ } 179.5$$

$$\beta = 15^\circ$$



A

LP4-B

$$\alpha = 181 \text{ } 193.5$$

$$\beta = 18.5^\circ$$



B

LP4-C

$$\alpha = 199^\circ$$

$$\beta = 10^\circ$$



C

8cm

10 cm

site
LP5

1m below LP4

or 3m below top of section

LP5A

LP5B

LP5C

$$\alpha = 168 \text{ } 180.5 \quad \alpha = 185 \text{ } 197.5 \quad \alpha = 243 \text{ } 255.5$$

$$\beta = 8.5^\circ$$

$$\beta = 9.5^\circ \text{ } 9.5$$

$$\beta = 16^\circ$$



LP6

Note 1m above LP1
or 1m above bottom
of section

LP6-A

LP6-B

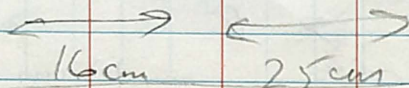
LP6-C

$$\alpha = 165 \text{ } 177.5 \quad \alpha = 184 \text{ } 196.5 \quad \alpha = 189 \text{ } 201.5$$

$$\beta = 5^\circ$$

$$\beta = 1^\circ$$

$$\beta = 2^\circ$$



LP7

1 m below LP5

or 4 m below the
top of the section

LP7A

LP7B

LP7C

$$\alpha = 54.5^\circ \text{E} \begin{array}{r} 13.5 \\ + 12.5 \\ \hline 147.5 \end{array}$$

$$\beta = 10^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 53.5^\circ \text{E} \begin{array}{r} 14.5 \\ 12.5 \\ \hline 157.5 \end{array}$$

$$\beta = 7^\circ$$

$$55.7^\circ \text{E} \begin{array}{r} 12.3 \\ 12.5 \\ \hline 135.3 \end{array}$$

$$\beta = 1.5^\circ$$

← 7 cm →

C

A

B

← 11 cm →

← 7 cm →

Site LP8

1 m above LP6
or 2 m above bottom
of section

LP8A

LP8B

LP8C

$$\alpha = 52.5^\circ \text{E} / 70$$

$$\beta = 2^\circ$$

$$51.5^\circ \text{E} / 70.5$$

$$\beta = 5^\circ$$

$$55^\circ \text{E} / 77.5$$

$$\beta = 3.5^\circ$$

← 15 cm →

← 15 cm →

site LP-9 1m below LP7

or 5m below
the top of the section

LP9A

LP9B

LP9C

$$\alpha = S 20^{\circ} E 172.5^{\circ}$$

$$\alpha = S 9^{\circ} E 133.5^{\circ}$$

$$\alpha = 210^{\circ} 22.25^{\circ}$$

$$\beta = 10^{\circ}$$

$$\beta = -1^{\circ}$$

$$\beta = 5^{\circ}$$



6 cm



15 cm

2nd outcrop in La Pila

across ^{area} West Road from other
outcrop just east (under road)
 ~ 300 m to the
west

only 6 feet thick

- false 1 side at bottom
directly on gravel

site

OP1 - at bottom on gravel

OP1A

OP1B

OP1C

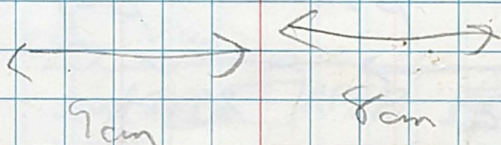
$$\alpha = 333.345^\circ \quad \alpha = 355^\circ 7.5$$

$$\alpha = 11^\circ 23.5$$

$$\beta = -5^\circ$$

$$\beta = -8.5^\circ$$

$$\beta = -6^\circ$$



side OP2

3 ft about OP1

OP2A

$$\alpha = 349^\circ \quad 1.5$$

$$\beta = 7.5^\circ$$

OP2B

$$\alpha = 350^\circ \quad 2.5$$

$$\beta = 0^\circ$$

OP2C

$$\alpha = 357^\circ \quad 9.5$$

$$\beta = 3.5^\circ$$



7 cm



8 cm

side OP3 2' 9.5" above
OP2

~~at~~ 9" from top
of section

OP3-A

OP3-B

OP3-C

$$\alpha = 342^\circ \quad 357.5$$

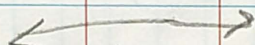
$$\beta = 9^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 352^\circ \quad 4.5$$

$$\beta = 1.25^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 352^\circ \quad 4.5$$

$$\beta = 4^\circ$$



74 cm



29 cm

Jan 13, 1984 Domingo

at Railroad & Pichilutun

Here site is collected in
the railroad cut - the big one

500m from one flat
circle et al sampled
in 1984

I have collected 4 samples
1 m above the base of
the section sampled last year
(about sample 3 from last year)
site RP1

sand 2.5 cm

clay 1.5 cm ☐ RP1 A

sand 3.5 cm

clay 3 cm

sand 3.5 cm ☐ RP1 B ☒ RP1 C

clay 1.5 cm

sand 3 cm

clay 11 cm ☐ RP1 D

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{RP1 A} - \text{clay} \\ \hline \alpha = 255 \quad 267.5 \\ \beta = 90 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{RP1 B} - \text{sand} \\ \hline \alpha = 255 \quad 267.5 \\ \beta = 10.5^\circ \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{RP1 C} - \text{sand} \\ \hline \alpha = 283 \quad 295.5 \\ \beta = 3^\circ \end{array}$$

$$\text{RP1 D} - \text{clay}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \alpha = 251 \quad 263.5 \\ \beta = 7.5^\circ \end{array}$$

This stuff
 fell off that
 I'm fairly sure
 I replaced it
 correctly

site RP2

30 m from RP1

about 2.5 m below
site RP1

three sample clay layer

RP2A

$\alpha = 203^\circ$ 215.5

$\beta = 1^\circ$

RP2B

$\alpha = 217^\circ$ 229.5

$\beta = 1.5$

RP2C

$\alpha = 260^\circ$ 272.5

$\beta = 0^\circ$ 0



East RRcut of Picklewater
approx 1000m east of

RP2 site

I am above site RP4
(at the base of section)
by about 5 m - so
~ 3 m below site
RP2

Bottom of station
1000m to east
along R.R.

8.15 m below
site RP2

Site RP3

3 m below RP2
5 m above RP4

RP3A

RP3B

RP3C

$$\begin{array}{lll} \alpha = 270^\circ & \alpha = 282^\circ & \alpha = 290^\circ \\ \beta = 1^\circ & \beta = 8.5^\circ & \beta = 11^\circ \end{array}$$

site RP4

8.15m below RP2

at base of roadcut 1000m
east of roadcut that
contains RP2

RP4A

RP4B

RP4C

$$\alpha = 282^\circ \text{ ~~277.5~~$$

$$\alpha = 315^\circ \text{ ~~327.5348.5~~$$

$$\beta = 0^\circ$$

$$\beta = -0.5^\circ$$

$$\beta = 0^\circ$$

site RP5

2m above the top of

RP5A

RP5B

RP5C

Clinch

section

$$\alpha = 270^\circ \text{ ~~272.5278.5~~$$

$$\alpha = 256^\circ \text{ ~~268.5~~$$

$$\beta = 5^\circ$$

$$\beta = 3^\circ$$

$$\beta = -3^\circ$$

This site is taken at the same
railroad cut that Clinch
sampled in 1984

this site is as high
as possible in section

site RP6

in the middle of section sampled
by Clinch last year
~ 4m below RPS

RP6A

$$\alpha = 233^\circ \quad 245.5$$

$$\beta = 7.5^\circ$$

RP6B

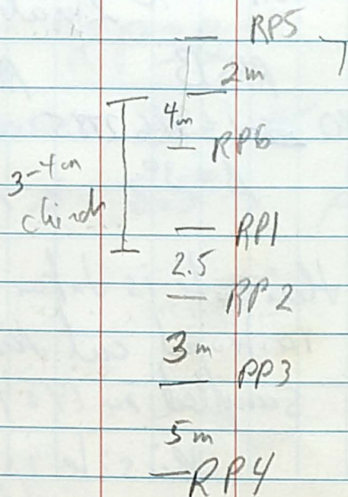
$$\alpha = 256^\circ \quad 268.5$$

$$\beta = 11^\circ$$

RP6C

$$\alpha = 281^\circ \quad 293.5$$

$$\beta = 6.5^\circ$$



Pickin' the Lake Scale

along pipeline back in from
Railroad cut

PP1 (site)

at bottom of section

PP1A

PP1B

PP1C

$$\alpha = 245^{\circ} 25.5$$

$$\alpha = 248^{\circ} 26.5$$

$$\alpha = 268^{\circ} 30.5$$

$$\beta = \cancel{13.5}^{\circ} \\ 15^{\circ}$$

$$\beta = 22^{\circ}$$

$$\beta = 34^{\circ}$$

site PP2 is at the
same pipeline cut but

170cm above PP1

this spans the whole section here

PP2A

PP2B

PP2C

$$\alpha = 272^{\circ}$$

$$284.5$$

$$\alpha = 276^{\circ}$$

$$288.5$$

$$\alpha = 280^{\circ}$$

$$292.5$$

$$\beta = -1^{\circ}$$

$$\beta = 0^{\circ}$$

$$\beta = 0^{\circ}$$

1-13-84 (cont.)

We went to Antiteatro
morning and found
that the lacustrine
sediments are here
sandy for sampling.

We have data from the
ball and pillow structure
at Antiteatro and
since this was probably

a fast flowing feature (~100 yrs)
we will use our ^{-over 10 yrs.}
existing data

Sides (RL)

at Rio Lamy Valley
at big meander in river

- Lacustrine sediments
FL Cordor glaciation

- Since it is higher
than Abueltoapi glaciation

section here is

2.5 m
we took a site at top
& bottom

- slightly more sandy than
at Pichikute

site RL1 at top of Rio Limay
section

RL1A

$$\alpha = 332^\circ$$

$$\beta = 13^\circ$$

RL1B

$$\alpha = 326^\circ$$

$$\beta = 5.5^\circ$$

RL1C

$$\alpha = 338^\circ$$

$$\beta = 9^\circ$$

site RL2 at bottom of section

~ 2.5 m below RL1

RL2A

$$\alpha = 310^\circ$$

$$\beta = 5.5^\circ$$

RL2B

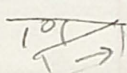
$$\alpha = 333^\circ$$

$$\beta = 10^\circ$$

RL2C

$$\alpha = 328^\circ$$

$$\beta = 0^\circ$$



Jan 15, 1984

Pico Santo basalt

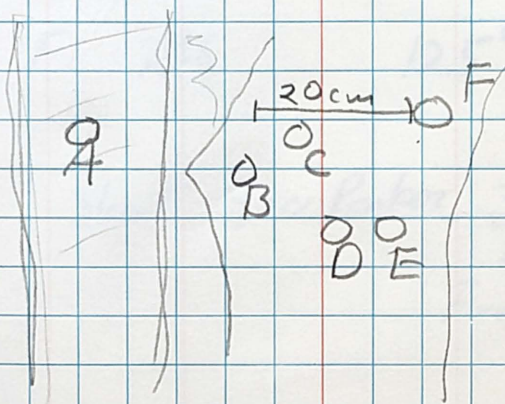
could be one
flow may be one

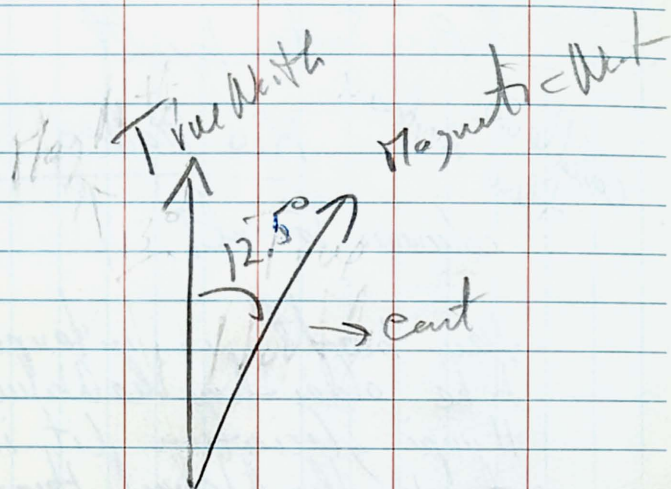
Rio Mallico site

columnar basalt

this basalt is interpreted
to be older than the Nahuel
Huapi glaciation (it is
cut by the Nahuel Huapi)
and it is on top of the
next oldest glaciation.

I drilled 6 cores





Must correct all readings.

fluvial in the middle of the cliff

13° W declination

Rio Mallo Pico Santa Barba

side RMPSBI

	<u>α</u>	<u>β</u>
A	248° 26.5	22°

B	295° 307.5	17.5°
---	------------	-------

C	295° 307.5	15.5°
---	------------	-------

D	295°	15°
---	------	-----

E	294	13°
---	-----	-----

F	298	12.5°
---	-----	-------

Shoot Tracer Peak 340°

Magnetic
From side

Site RMP5B 2

at top of cliff

- looked hard for

something in place
- rather jumbled block,

- took 3 samples ABC,
from one block

and 3 samples DEF
from another block
10' away

335° Tross
pedals

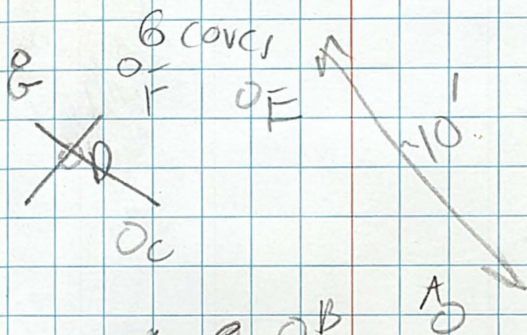
RMP5B2

	<u>α</u>	<u>β</u>	
{ A	156°	56.2°	} one block
{ B	155°	69.5°	
{ C	151°	65.5°	
{ D	70.5°	60.5°	} 10' away
{ E	70°	63.5°	
{ F	106°	52.5°	
			F broke off fit into place

1-16-85
Wed

Cathedral basalt
Quilka valley

marginiferous
glacial ventral
folds
facial variation
- no WH.



A 79.5 75.5°
B 248 250.5 79.5°
C 245 257.5 87°
~~D 305.5 72°~~
E 38° 50.5 50°
F 51° 63.5 59°
G 36° 48.5 80°
H 87° 83°
99.5

cracked & over bed
broken off
Broken off

Quilca valley
lacustrine sediment

possibly Pliocene age

~ 40m thick

this site from top of
the sect.

QU1

	A		B		C			
d	221°	233.5	d	225°	237.5	d	228°	240.5
B	14°		A	13°		B	22°	

QVII

quite sandy

site $\frac{1}{3}$ way down
from top of section

	A		B		C
α	235	247.5	244	256.5	233 245.5
β	31°	31	20		18°

QVIII $\sim \frac{1}{2}$ way down section

	A		B
α	255	267.5	α 236 248.5
β	35		β 36

	C		D
α	50		α 1.5°
β	60		β 75°

QUIV

at the bottom of
the clay in the
section.

A

B

C 340

$$\alpha = 316 \quad 328.5$$

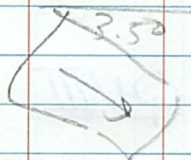
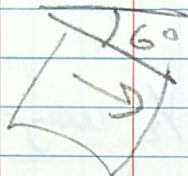
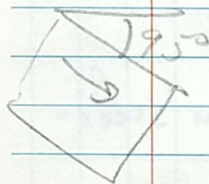
$$\beta = 43^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 328 \quad 340.5$$

$$\beta = 41^\circ$$

$$\alpha = 327.5$$

$$\rho = 42^\circ$$

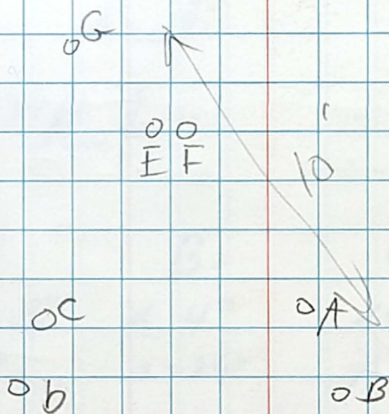


Jan 17, 1985

erratic on top
pvc with
port older
glaciation

Puerta Zapata basalt
near Pullmaric River

I drilled Zuber & van
outlet gas - find some
casing



site PZ

	\angle	β	
A	$77^{\circ} 89.5$	47.5°	
B	82.5°	59°	95
C	$54.66.5$	60	
D	11.5	70	24
E	$79^{\circ} 91.5$	73.5°	
F	93.5°	77°	106
G	too broken up		

1-17-85

Pulwari Lacustrine sediments

Fission track age on tuff
will be attempted

pollen analysis will be collected

look 3 paleomagnetic layers

1st site ~ 3' from bottom
of section

PUL I

	A	B	C
α	22.5	4°	27°
β	34	29°	44.5°

site PUL2

30" above PUL1

A

$$\alpha = 18.5^\circ$$

$$\beta = 8.5^\circ$$

B

$$\alpha = 30^\circ$$

$$\beta = 11.5^\circ$$

C

$$\alpha = 26^\circ$$

$$\beta = 14^\circ$$

site PUL3 ~3' above PUL2
at loft section

A

$$\alpha = 356^\circ$$

$$\beta = -11^\circ$$

B

$$\alpha = 359^\circ$$

$$\beta = +7.5^\circ$$

C

$$\alpha = 5^\circ$$

$$\beta = -6.5^\circ$$

July 15, 1999

Tarim Basin China

drove up river valley to find
East section - supposedly, going
to Jurassic & then come down
through Cretaceous, Palaeogene, Neogene.

- several take starts & then found
correct way - drove as far
as we could in the Jidike (Palaeogene-
Neogene) & then walked to
Sawuyi (Palaeogene). Rock fall
made it too dangerous to go
to Sawuyi - so will sample
Jidike today.

- site 1 - East section Jidike fm

Jidike 01

N $42^{\circ} 04'$ 289'

E $083^{\circ} 18'$ 501'

alt ~ 5500'

S 589 E dip 38° S

S 75 W dip 42° S

N 88 E dip 38° S

Note - compass decl.
set = 0

downstream - back to car

Jidi 02

N $42^{\circ} 04'$ 282'

E $83^{\circ} 18'$ 477

elev 5780

str N $85^{\circ} W$ dip $43^{\circ} S$

str N $89^{\circ} E$ dip $45^{\circ} S$

Jidike is all red beds - fairly
coarse grained - probably in the

The sand - may be h silt sized
we took 4 samples 1st site

6 sample 2nd site

site 2 has cross bedding ~

6" thick running through the site

cross bedding shows right side up

Jidi 03 is in the Jidike Fm

& is further S - downstream

from 1 & 2

N $42^{\circ} 04'$ 413'

E $83^{\circ} 18'$ 454

strike E-W dip $44^{\circ} S$

strike E-W dip $38^{\circ} S$

Looked fulling like cleavage or
other evidence of deformation - could
find none - looks like a relatively
undeformed red silt/sand stone

Jidi 04 - further downstream in
Jidi

N42°04.020'

E83 18.515'

str S86W dip 36°S

→ S85W dip 43°S

this is a bed first sampler drilled
came from

side Jidi 04 is strat under
(by 2 m) a 30 cm thick
conglomerate bed which is
made of ~~of~~ dark clasts

- has red matrix

& angular chert & quartz
dots - alluvial fan
deposit?

Jack Lunch Break -

Nach o sausages

Jidi 05 downstream

This site is in a much finer
bed.

N42° 04.125'

E 83° 18.381'

str S89W dip 43° S

str N83W dip 47° S

Jidi 06 downstream

N42° 04.115'

E 83° 18.420'

siltstone red bed

str E-W

dip 42° S

close
to

Jidi 08a downstream

N42° 04.095'

E 83° 18.439'

str N85W dip 49° S

str S88W dip 47° S

a close look at the Jidi like
doesn't show any evidence of

strain - no cleavage, no slickenlines
on beds

- these rocks are orange red -
not purplish at all

Jidi 07 - fine sandstone

N 42° 04.074'

E 83° 18.453'

5633' elev.

str E-W

dip 47.5°

Jidi 08

N 42° 04.089'

E 83° 18.403'

elev. 5290'

str 582 W dip 41°

large
channel
down section
21-22 m thick

Jidi 09

N 42° 04.028'

E 83° 18.524'

bed directly above 5779 elev

this side has slickenlines

actually not a bed but a
+ fault

Jidi 09

thrust bedding

bedding \Rightarrow N 76° E dip 53S

S 86° W dip 43S

\nearrow projected reading -
from conglomerate layer is
directly above

fault plane S 65° W dip 61° N

Jidi 10

N 42° 03.975

E 83° 18.522

elev 5738 ft

thin well bedded layer -
just above the thrust

bedding S 88° E 42°S

Jidi 11

N 42° 03.948

E 83° 18.440

elev 5540 ft

N 85° E 39°S

1st 2 cores were from
concretion at this site.
Sampler 1 x 2

Jidi 12

N 42° 03, 931'

E 83° 18, 420'

elev 5796

N 87° W 40° S dip

July 16, 1999

Tarim, China

We drove up the east section
river a long distance to the
coal mine to find a good
Jurassic, Cretaceous, Paleogene
section — we had little luck
with the Jurassic or lower
K — but have found at least
3 sites of upper Cretaceous.
Red beds in a dry river
wash. We will sample about
3 sites in this upper Creta-
ceous section — in more massive

Fine-grained unit - this
is the Cretaceous Kapuskasing
Fm. - will designate
site: KPSL

KPSL01

42° 05.799'

83° 22.612'

6347' elev

Str N 77 E 29° S

S 80 W 37° S ←

This is
probably
more correct.

KPSL02

N 42° 05.833'

E 83° 22.580'

6187 ft elev

near
1st group of
samples →

N 62° E 29° S

(west side of gulch)

- across
gulch
(east side)

N 76° E 31° S

in middle S 66 W 34 S ←

(near 2nd group of samples)

S 82 W 35 S

S 84 W 33 S

might be better
representation

↓ believe
these
two

KPSL03

N42° 05.810'

E83° 22.590'

5822 elev

N76E 29°S

N72°E 28°S

KPSL04 is very close
to site KPSL03 - use
same location & strike & dip

KPSL05 - downstream about
1/4 mile from site 01-04

N42°05.738'

E83°22.597

6205'

N74E 27S

KPSL06

downstream 1/3 mile
- outcrop displays
lenticular bedding &
near cross bedding

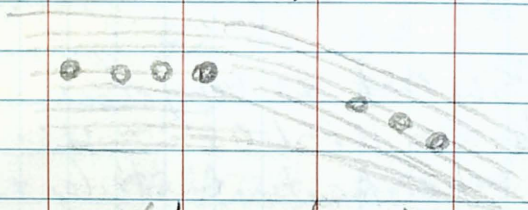
N 42°05.639'

E 83° 22.642

5939 ft

str. N 75 E 30° S

KPSL 7 - great
cross bedded site



sampled topset & foreset
beds

N 42° 05.615'

E 83° 22.649

6087 ft elev

str N 59 E 30° S

S 68 W 32° S

KPSL 08

across river gulch - between

KPSL 5 & KPSL 6/7 str.

N 42° 05.620

E 83° 22.672

6331 ft elev

N80E 26S ← right at
sample

KPSL09

N82°E 23.5°S

N 42° 05.442

E 83° 22.678

6395' elev

Large very red outcrop
about 0.1 mile from cross
bed site - all these sites
are moving up section

N83E 28S

N86E 31°S

KPSL10 - down a couple hundred
feet from left site - is massive
outcrop of red ss.

N42° 05.379'

E 83° 22.661'

6107 ft.

N82E 26°S

KPSL 11 - further downstream
(up section) from site 10

N 42° 05.265'
E 83° 22.694'

0450 ft

N 80° W 28° S

~~KPSL 11~~ N 76° W 30° S

way point	Brg	Dst
KPSL 11	263	.02
10	337	.15
9	349	.20
7	348	.40
8	351	.41
6	348	.44
5	346	.55
1	348	.62
3	347	.62

KPSL 01 is

32.8 miles from
Kuche hotel at
bearing of 211°

JTD 01 is

29.4 m from Kuche
at bearing of 207°

KPSL 12

N $42^{\circ}05.225'$

E $83^{\circ}22.760'$

6329' above

0.10 mile from KPSL 11
at bearing of 347°

Hard to get S & P here -

use KPSL 11 S & P

KPSL 13 - left side of day

N $42^{\circ}05.289'$

E $83^{\circ}22.739'$

5860'

.06 mile from 12
bearing 186°

S 76 E $25^{\circ}S$

N 70 W $24^{\circ}S$

~~we now have moved to the west
side of the river to sample the
Kangaroo fm. on the other side.~~

~~site RGC6 is still
on the north - dipping limb
of the anticline~~

July 17, 1999

China

Hoped to sample the Kangcun Fm.
(Neogene) & get a fold test. The
rocks look very deformed &
weathered (fractured). We're
unhappy with how they look. We'll
take ~ 5 sites and give most
of the samples to Prof. Fang - we'll
try to get a fold test.
Kangcun Fm.

1st site KGC1 is on
east bank of river. - these sites
are on the N limb of the anticline

$N 41^{\circ} 55' 286''$

$E 83^{\circ} 18' 835''$

4507' elev

S 80 W 55° N

S 80 W 50° N

actually the rocks turned
out better than expected -
they look hard & fresh

KGC 2 is ju + 50' down
section from KGC 1

N 80° E 52° N - KGC 2 bedding

KGC 3 is 100'-200' downstream (S)
of KGC 2

N 41° 55.241' ← KGC 3

E 83° 18.764'

4453 d.w.

strata E-W dip 58° N

KGC 4

N 41° 55.251'

E 83° 18.874'

4352 ft. d

S 83° W 50° N

KGC 5

N 41° 55.183'

E 83° 18.799'

4295'

N 81° E 62° N

N 88° E 59° N

We have now moved 4 the west
side of the river to sample
the Kangaroo Fm. Our
first site KGC6 will still
be taken from N dipping beds
though

KGC6

N $41^{\circ}54.679$

E $83^{\circ}18.667$

4390 ft elev.

We're 0.61 mile away from
KGC5 (across river) at
bearing of 110

We're 10.7 mile from Jidi 12
at a bearing of 355°

S 70° W 39° N

S 72° W 39° N

KGC7

have come to flat lying
beds at core of anticline -
these units must be older

54 mile
from KGC6

N $41^{\circ}54.266$

E $83^{\circ}19.066$

4350 elev

dip direction

220 - dip 4°

KGC8 is one m above

KGC7 stratigraphically

- location & bedding attitude
is the same as for KGC7

KGC9 is one m ~~above~~ KGC8

use same location as KGC7

use same bedding attitude

KGC10 dip direction 220 / 16°

this is one m below KGC7

dip & direction shown above

KGC11

down stream is well formed
slipping strata

N 41° 54.158'

E 83° 19.130' 4481 elev.

0.13 mile from

KGC07

S 80° W

bearing 331'

21° S

July 18, 1999 - China

have come up to the Kuchie
river section trying to get
a field test on the Suwuyi Fan.
Went to the north limb of
the syncline and found the
rock weathered & fractured &
veined - so did not sample -
a quick rain shower trapped
Mr. Sun & me briefly in an
arroyo -

have come down south on road
to sample the south limb of the
fold - have traveled up a box
canyon of Suwuyi &
coarse-grained Jidike.

Have had to take GPS near
mouth of canyon since can't
receive satellites in the
box canyon.

this reading
near Suwuyi

N 42° 06.400'

E 83° 02.614'

elev 5096'

SUWYI

N 82 W
50° N

S 58° W
50° N

N 68° E
50° N

Use these bedding
attitudes to
sites 1 & 2
in Suwayi

Suwayi 2 is sandstone,
Suwayi 1 is concretion.

- These sites are just under the
Jidike contact

concretion cores are just as red
as sandstone cores - this would
suggest that concretion (calcite
cement) had to have formed
after hematite - making either
concretion formation late or
hematite formation very early

SUNY 3 site
S 72°W
42°N

N 72°E ←
50°N agrees
with sites
1 & 2

SUNY 5
S 72°W
47°N

SUNY 6
S 72°W
52°N

SUNY 7 S 72°W
52°N

SUWY 8
N 80 E 55° N

distance from SUWY 1 to SUWY 8
0.23 mile @ bearing of 172

location of SUWY 1

N 42° 06.587
E 083° 02.572'

Much of the Suwiyi sampled
here has a lot of limestone
concretion - appeared to
~~increase~~ site SUWY 09
has many concretions
SUWY 9

N 75 E 43° N
(hard to find out good bedding
+ surface at this site - used
a small ledge of conglomerate)

SUWY 90
N 42° 06.406' 4909'
E 83° 02.623

.03 from site 8 152°
.20 from site 1 346° bearing.

S 74°W 51°W
site SUWY 10

July 19, 1999

Up to the Kueler R section
again since the creek at
Baicheng was too high for
sampling. It's raining on and
off today so we didn't
want to risk going to coal mine.

Wire sampling the Kapsamukou
Cretaceous Fm. along the Kueler R.

site KKSLO1

N 42° 06.225'

E 83° 04.816'

elev 5069'

we're 1.88 miles from SUWY 10
at a bearing of 273°

N 60° E 55° dip NW

KKSLO2

N 42° 06.200'

E 83° 04.824'

.04 mi from KKSLO1 at bearing 4983°
353°

564W 51° NW

site 02 is about 3m stratigraphically
above core site 01

- hard red sandstone in the
lithology

KKSL03

N42° 06.216'

E 83° 04.775'

4594'

.05 mi from KKSL04 @ 110°

N66°E 51° NW

KKSL04

N42° 06.185'

N66°E

E 83° 04.721'

51° NW

4825'

.06 mi from KKSL03 @ 050°

Helpers - Mr. Chen - driver & pump

Mr. Sun - driller & research scientist

Mr. Han Lin Chen - director & future

Chair & Dean @ Zhejiang U.

KKSL 05

N 42° 06.206'

E 83° 04.699'

Handle

4989 ft.

Find bed. / N 60° E 42° NW

surface layer

pump handle on pump can
is broken & has been jury-rigged.
we'll probably ditch it & put
sample in the drill case -
it's a Melnor model 90 2 gal
pump can

KKSL 06

N 42° 06.192'

E 83° 04.670'

4855'

N 68° E 52° NW

Mr. San keeps on drilling even
though the unit is getting sandier

KKSL 07

N 42° 06.204'

E 83° 04.633' 5062'

N 66° E 49° NW

KRSLO8

N $42^{\circ}06.197'$

E $83^{\circ}04.644'$

4968'

N $65^{\circ}E$ S $30^{\circ}NW$

KRSLO9

N $42^{\circ}06.211'$

E $83^{\circ}04.616'$

4963'

USC. SMD from last site

June 3, 2000

NAD27
Mexico

Baja - Valle Fm.

UTM

KVA201 site 1 11R 0706744
3080271

site 2+3 11R 0706807
KV2 3080279

above have sampled:

- 1 - clay rich sand (a)
~~poorly sorted~~ poorly sorted sand (b)
- 2 - soft sed deformation fold
- 3 - laminated grey siltstone
which is same bed as that
folded

No location for 4 - but eroded
bed - sampled five silt beds
which show some
winnowing - so supposedly
clay has been removed
- still showed clay in drill

site 5 - shale bed - mudstone bed
KUS

11R 0707136
UM 3080240

site 6 - near site 5

pebbly layer - idea here is
that pebbles (granite according to
PS) don't contribute to porosity but
if there is a matrix w/ a signal it
may be protected from compaction

also - 2 shale layers

+ a concretion layer

site 7 - another concretion layer
KV7

11R 0707159
3080238

June 4, 2000

up beach (NE) at Valle
Vizcaino Peninsula

KV10 (site 10) 11R 0707853

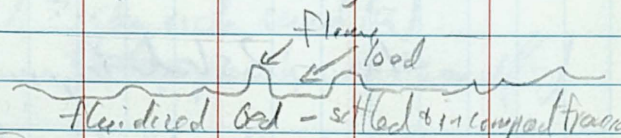
UTM 3079948

2 experiments

$\pm 4.7m$

site 10
a = coarse
b = medium
c = fine

a) graded bed - sample
from coarse to fine
all of similar clay content


b) Fluvial bed - settled & compacted
fluvial (winnowed)
bed (flow markers)

fluvial bed -

KV12

11R 071144Y

UTM 307966Y

shales

$\pm 5.6m$

at Punta Loca

June 6, 2000

camp site part San Ignacio composed of silt
12R 0299270 UTM 2985767 at 0
lower Eocene - Bategui Fm.

clean sand - from hard bed
w/ spherical weathering holes
& protrusions

site FBK1

1 arrow S76E - dip of face
90°

2 arrow S71E dip of face
90°

3 arrow S76E overturned face 95° dip

4 S75E overturned 97°

EBK 1-5 S82E 96
EBK 1-6 S79E 96

bed 2 - 2 m below
EBK 1

EBK 2 - coarser grained than EBK 1
but appears to be correlated

EBK 2-1 arrow S75E
dip 92°

EBK 2-2 S78E 92

EBK 2-3 S77E 93

EBK 2-4 S75E 91

EBK 2-5 S80E 94

EBK 2-6 S77E 94

strike N64W

dip 14 SW

strike & dip according to DS
210° strike
2° East

Bed 3 - mudstone
across arroyo from 1x2

EBK 3

EBK 3-1 S 3W 64

EBK 3-2 jordan fault

EBK 3-3 S 58W? 60 ? S 2W?

EBK 3-4 S 9W 60

EBK 3-5 S 7E 53

EBK 3-6 S 6W 47

EBK 3-7 S 9W 52

also collected 2 side - hand sample
+ 2 more sites from mudstone
at base of amphitheatre

EBK 4

Total - San Ramon
6 sites

June 7, 2000

Moving up
the arroyo

- North side of Bahia Ballenas

12 R 0256936

2981497

Eocene Bahia Ballenas Fm.

KPK collected site EBB2

- head samples - just above fossil horst

1 S40W - dip 16° to NW ← could strike & dip
↓ should be 7° - read wrong dial

2 N40W - 9° to SW

3 ~~N81W~~ dip 7° to NE

4 - in Frank's note,

site EBB4

12 R 0256943

2981525

Collected

strike
135°
dip 14NE

EBB4-1 S85E dip 10NE

EBB4-2 S58E dip 14NE

EBB4-3 - approx. 20 feet
down arroyo to ~1 m below
stat. 4-1 & 4-2

SGGE 10 NE

site EBB5

12R 0256910

2981620

highest site in the arroyo

5-1 N 68W 9 NE

5-2 N 63W 13 NE

5-3 N 65W 7 NE

June 8, 2000 (Alicia graduation)

San Lorenzo

up the arroyo to-

12R 0228359

2987308

1.69 km up arroyo from car

- sequence of turbidite

submarine fan

- have shale to massive sand

attempt reproduce Patterson,
results - -

various grain sizes & probably
different amounts of clay

from fine grained layer

SL1-2

arrangts east (mudstone?)
dip surface $13^{\circ}N$

SL1-5 sandstone

S82E

28N

SL1-8 sandstone

S55E

7N

oriented
dip surface
of
rocks

strike N55W
dip 12NE

look 6 mudstone, & 2 sandstones
at this site - will compare
mudstones & sandstones

site
SL2 - sandstone joint up section
from SL1

GPS 12R 0228323
2987321

SL21 - coarse sand from
bottom of graded bed

SL2-4

near top of normally graded
ss bed

N 72 W, 70 SW on fracture
surface

bedding S+D = N 55 W, 100 NE

SL2-5 near top of graded bed
sandstone

S 58 E

57 BW

June 9, 2000

Asuncion Fm - Arroyo La Laguna
climbed up ridge + found limestone
in Asuncion - surface appears
weathered but interior may be fresh
GPS 11R 07864625
3009420

site A2 - Now my Bruntz

limestone

~~limy sand~~

~~A2B N10W 52E broke apart~~

A2B N25W 59E

site A3 11R 0764660 limy sand
3009476

A3B N25W 28NE

site A4 - tuff

11R 0764679

3009430

A4B N0° dip 58E

M₂ Branton set to 10°W

San Ramon both cubesites I collected
I used my Branton

3rd cubesite - mainly thin
Branton.

4th site - I took one cube
- the rest was with Jordan's ~~cube~~

handsample all of Frank's ~~cube~~

~~East~~
Eocene on North
of San Lorenzo

see notes
I collected

Jordan used my compass
at lower site

see all 12 samples

site A5 - another tuff

11 R 0764745 3009343

A5B S28W 52NW

site A6 ^{limey} sandstone just
above Valle

11 R 0764762

3009304

A6B N82W 42N

June 10, 2000

have arrived at Habia San Pablo
just north of Punta San Roque

- have climbed over Punta San
Roque (2.5 hr hike) since we
got stuck in the sand yesterday
trying to drive here

we are sampling the Asuncion Fm.

site A12

11R 0754720

3011019

CalO₃ cemented limestone

A12-1

(fine grained)

S55W 15S

A12-2 Coarser sand - has layering

S33W 12E

A12-3 - fine grained - broken

S66W 26S

11R0754729
3011011

site A15 - up section from A12
- right next to A13 & JV.

A15-A 560W 36S

A15-B 581W 39S

A15-C 577W 31S

the are
also
strike
slip

site A14 GPS 11R0754733
3010983

11/6/2007 14:36

Spinnerstorn Database

Core 1

Trend - 151° Plunge - 13.5° add 11° for
161 NW

Core 2

Trend - 149° Plunge - 15°

160

spinnerstorn database measurements

- Rte 663 outcrop -

- EES 334 class taker data

Sample	Mass	Susc [*]	susc/vol ^{vol}
1A > core 1	32.06 gm	206.6-3	1.925-2
1B >	22.63 gm	110.3-3	1.43-2
2A > core 2	34.50 gm	240.4-3	1.959-2
2B >	31.28 gm	241.3-3	2.25-2

* Vol set = 1cc cm³/ccm

1891-2

NICKOTX^{**} cmu/gm

1A	316.3	4.0	1.308-3	CS
1B	5.3	37.8	3.700-4	1.505-3
2A	351.5	41.5	7.562-4	
2B	3.0	59.4	1.213-3	

4252244

•\$850